



ENGLISH:

SUPPORT AND RETAKE ACTIVITIES

(3rd ESO)

NAME:

GRAMMAR ACTIVITIES

PRESENT SIMPLE

1- Write affirmative (✓) or negative (x) sentences.

1. You / read / books after school. ✓

2. Helen / play / basketball with her friends. ✓

3. He / go / to school at the weekend. x

4. They / buy / English magazines. x

5. I / watch / TV every day. ✓

6. I / have a shower / every evening. ✓

7. Sabine / go running / every weekend x

8. Elena / clean her room / every day ✓

9. Juan / eat breakfast / before school x

10. We / feed the animals / every morning x

2- Write questions and complete the short answers.

Example: Lukas / sing in a band?

Does Lukas sing in a band? Yes, he does.

1. we / have fruit ?

_____ ? Yes, we _____.

2. Ben / chat online?

_____ ? No, he _____.

3. you / go to the cinema ?

_____ ? No, I _____.

4. Amita / play an instrument?

_____ ? Yes, she _____.

5. Javier and Dafne / listen to music?

_____ ? Yes, they _____.

6. Manuel / play computer games ?

_____ ? No, he _____.

7. You / watch TV ?

_____ ? Yes, I _____.

8. You / like / crime films?

_____ ? Yes, _____.

9. Your brother / drink / tea?

_____ ? No, _____.

10. Your friends / like / sports?

_____ ? No, _____.

3- Make present simple 'wh' questions:

Example: (where / you / go to school?)

Where do you go to school?

1. (what / he / do / after class?)

2. (what / you / do?)

3. (where / John / come from?)

4. (how long / it / take from London to Paris?)

5. (how often / she / go to the cinema?)

6. (how many children / you / have?)

7. (when / you / get up?)

8. (how often / you / study English?)

9. (what time / the film / start?)

10. (where / you / play tennis?)

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

1- Write the verbs in brackets in the present continuous.

1. I _____ (watch) a reality show on TV.

2. My favourite team _____ (win)!

3. Someone _____ (swim) in the sea.

4. Two people _____ (cook) dinner on the beach.

5. We _____ (watch) a soap opera.

6. I _____ (do) my homework.

7. Mum _____ (read) a magazine.

8. My brother _____ (not listen) to the radio.

9. Dad _____ (cook) dinner.

10. Tara _____ (talk) by phone.

11. Joe _____ (play) on the computer.

12. Tina _____ (do) grammar exercises.

13. I _____ (eat) a pizza.

14. We _____ (sit) in the classroom.

15. My parents _____ (drive) to work now.

16. He _____ on the river with his dad. (swim)

17. Joe _____ with his friends. (fish)

18. My classmates _____ in a camping site tonight. (not sleep)

19. We _____ a good time. (have)

20. She _____ lunch now. (not cook)

2- Write the questions and the short answers.

1. she / buy / any bread / ?

_____ ? No, _____

2. they / play / table tennis / ?

- _____ ? Yes, _____
 3. you / listen / to pop music / ?
 _____ ? No, _____
 4. you / lose / the tennis match / ?
 _____ ? Yes, _____
 5. your mum / swim / in the swimming pool / ?
 _____ ? No, _____
 6. your dad / work / today / ?
 _____ ? Yes, _____
 7. you / have a good time / on holiday / ?
 _____ ? No, _____
 8. your mum / cook dinner / now / ?
 _____ ? Yes, _____
 9. your friends / play football / ?
 _____ ? No, _____

PRESENT SIMPLE – PRESENT CONTINUOUS

1- Ask questions for the underlined words. Pay attention to the tense of the verb.

1. _____
 ?

George **often** has a bath.

2. _____
 ?

Mike eats **corn-flakes** for breakfast every morning.

3. _____
 ?

The teacher is **writing some examples on the board**.

4. _____
 ?

Tom is watching a film now.

5. _____
 ?

My parents **never** smoke cigarettes.

6. _____
 ?

Peter and Rob go to school by **service bus**.

7. _____
 ?

Sam is doing his homework **in his room**.

8. _____
 ?

I read **two** books every month.

9. _____
 ?

No, Sally isn't writing a letter now.

10. _____
 ?

Tammy is studying **English**.

11. _____
 ?

Steve teaches English **at the university**.

12. _____
?

The pupils are taking **their photo albums** to school.

13. _____
?

Michael visits **his grandparents** every weekend.

14. _____
?

Debby and her friend are putting **their clothes** in the bag.

15. _____
?

Aunt Ruth is having dinner with us **tonight**.

2- Write DON'T, DOESN'T, ISN'T, AREN'T or AM NOT in the blank space in each sentence.

1. He **isn't** listening to the radio right now.
2. He **doesn't** listen to the radio every evening.
3. We _____ watching a television program now.
4. We _____ watch television every day.
5. They _____ study their lessons after class
6. They _____ studying their lessons right now.
7. It _____ raining very hard right at the moment.
8. It _____ rain very much during the summer.
9. Mr. Johnson _____ eating his lunch now.
10. Mr. Johnson _____ always eat at that place.
11. I _____ see any students in that room.
12. I _____ hear anyone in the hall now.

3- Choose the correct time expression:

1. We go to school _____ (every day/now).
2. Tom is watching TV _____ (every evening/at the moment).
3. I am baking a cake _____ (every morning/right now).
4. They play tennis _____ (every Thursday/now).
5. She does her homework _____ (every afternoon/at the moment).
6. The boys are cleaning their room _____ (every day/now)
7. Mrs. Arthur bakes a cake _____ (every Friday/now).
8. I brush my teeth _____ (twice a day/at the moment).

4- Write sentences. Use the present simple or present continuous.

Example: We / have / lunch / now
We're having lunch now.

1. I / wear / trainers / today

2. We / usually / go / to school by bus

3. They /live / in Madrid / at the moment

4. Liz and Phil / sail their boat / every weekend

5. Look! He / dive into the water / now

6. They / always / spend / Saturdays / by the sea

5- Write the correct form of the Present Simple or Present Continuous.

1. I _____ (do) my homework right now.
2. What is she cooking now? I _____ (smell) something good.
3. They _____ (play) football at the moment.
4. This exercise is easy. I _____ (understand) the rule.
5. He _____ (write) a letter to his grandparents at this moment.
6. They _____ (want) to go to the new film now.
7. I _____ (hear) a noise. Someone is coming.
8. The bell _____ (ring) right now.
9. I _____ (go) to town right now. I _____
(want) some groceries.
10. She _____ (talk) to her friend at the moment.
She _____ (not listen) to the teacher.
11. I _____ (read) an interesting book now. I
_____ (enjoy) it very much.
12. We _____ (watch) the news on TV every evening.
13. He _____ (teach) his friend how to play chess now.
His friend _____ (not know) how to play.
14. The sun is shining. It _____ (not rain).
15. Susan usually _____ (go) to school by bus, but now
she _____ (go) to school by train.
16. Mary often _____ (read) in bed, but today she is very
tired and she _____ (not / read).
17. Look! Jane _____ (sing) again. She often
_____ (sing) this song.
18. My father _____ (have) a lot of work to do every
weekend.
19. The girls _____ (not / talk) now. All of them
_____ (watch) a film.
20. I _____ (visit) my grandparents every Friday. My
sister _____ (often / visit) them.
21. The boys _____ (swim) in the pool now but they
_____ (usually / swim) in the sea.
22. They _____ (sometimes / have) lunch at work, but
today they _____ (have) at a restaurant.
23. She can't talk to you. She _____ (have) a shower.
24. My mother _____ (always / cook) in the morning.
25. What _____ (you / usually / do) at weekends?
26. Jane _____ (give) a party today because it
_____ (be) her birthday.
27. The lesson _____ (start) at 9 o'clock every morning.
28. I _____ English at the moment. (speak)
29. Terry _____ English on Tuesdays. (study)
30. They always _____ to school. (walk)
31. We _____ football right now. (not play)
32. Belen _____ at the moment. (not sleep)
33. My family usually _____ to Sevilla for our holidays. (go)

34. She usually _____ (read) the newspaper in the morning.
35. I _____ (do) my homework now.

COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVE ADJECTIVES

1- Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives.

1. Skydiving is _____ (scary) surfing.
2. The rides at Universal Studios are _____ (exciting) the rides at DisneyWorld.
3. English is _____ (good) History.
4. Norway is _____ (expensive) England.
5. PE is _____ (easy) Science.

2- Complete the sentences with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets.

1. It is the _____ shop in town. (large)
2. Monday is the _____ day of the week. (bad)
3. Ben was the _____ person in his family. (noisy)
4. Sam is the _____ in the class. (popular)
5. Which is the _____ subject at school? (difficult)

3- Fill in the blanks with the adjectives in brackets in the comparative or superlative form.

1. Tom is _____ his brother. (old)
2. This problem is _____ that problem. (easy)
3. John is _____ boy in our class. (tall)
4. My friend is _____ my sister. (fat)
5. My room is _____ room in our house. (small)
6. Konya is _____ city in Turkey. (large)
7. The Kızılırmak is _____ river in Turkey. (long)
8. Madonna is _____ Sandra. (popular)
9. My English is _____ your English. (good)
10. The weather today is _____ the weather yesterday. (bad)
11. This garden is _____ that garden. (large)
12. Elizabeth is _____ girl in our group. (beautiful)
13. I am _____ girl in the class. (short)
14. What is _____ film on TV today? (funny)
15. Who is _____ girl in your class? (pretty)
16. We like wearing _____ (late) fashion.
17. These trousers are _____ (comfortable) than those jeans.
18. She is _____ (happy) now than he was last year.
19. You are the _____ (pretty) girl in class.
20. My grandma is _____ (old) than my grandpa.
21. The red dress is the _____ (attractive) in the shop.
22. I always tell the _____ (fun) jokes.
23. Trains are _____ than aeroplanes. (slow)
24. Ann is _____ child in the family. (young)
25. That TV set is _____ of all. (cheap)

26. Fifi is _____ than Kate. (pretty)
 27. Tim is _____ than Peter. (talented)

4- Fill in the blanks as in the example.

I went on holiday last year but it was a disaster! My hotel room was .. **smaller than** ... (small) the one in the photograph in the brochure. I think it was _____ (small) room in the hotel. The weather was terrible too. It was _____ (cold) in England. The beach near the hotel was very dirty – it was _____ (dirty) all the beaches on the island. The food was _____ (expensive) I expected and I didn't have enough money. One day I went shopping in a big department store and I broke a vase. It was _____ (expensive) vase in the whole shop. But _____ (bad) thing of all was that I lost my passport and I couldn't go back home. It was _____ (horrible) holiday of all my life.

PAST SIMPLE

1- Write the past simple of these regular verbs.

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| stay _____ | love _____ |
| rain _____ | wash _____ |
| help _____ | stop _____ |
| carry _____ | ask _____ |
| want _____ | look _____ |
| play _____ | open _____ |
| smoke _____ | start _____ |
| walk _____ | live _____ |
| study _____ | watch _____ |
| cry _____ | like _____ |
| work _____ | drop _____ |
| listen _____ | shop _____ |

2- Write these sentences in the past simple.

1. I see my parents every weekend. (last weekend)

2. Matthew always asks a lot of questions. (this morning)

3. They go to the mountains in the winter. (last winter)

4. Julie meets Tom from school every afternoon. (this afternoon)

5. Jenny watches a lot of television at the weekends. (on holiday)

6. He eats a lot in the evenings. (last night)

7. The programme starts at 7:30 every Friday. (this morning)

8. I love cycling at the weekends. (when I was a child)

9. We always have a nice time with them. (on holiday)

10. The garden looks lovely in the spring. (last spring)

3- Fill in the blanks with the past simple form of the verbs.

Benjamin Franklin _____ (be born) in Boston in 1706. He _____ (be) the fifteenth of the seventeen children of a poor candlemaker. He _____ (go) to school only one year. He _____ (begin) to work when he was twelve. At the age of fourteen he _____ (decide) to be a writer. He _____ (copy) the great stories of famous writers and later he _____ (become) the best known writer in his time. When he _____ (be) seventeen, he _____ (leave) Boston and _____ (arrive) in Philadelphia with only a few pennies in his pocket. He _____ (get) a job as a publisher of a newspaper and _____ (retire) from business as a very rich man at forty-two. Then he _____ (spend) the next forty years for his government. He _____ (play) an important role in the founding of the USA. Franklin _____ (be) also an important scientist and inventor. He _____ (draw) electricity from a cloud on a kite string. He _____ (write) one of the first text books on electricity. He _____ (invent) a simple lightning rod and many other practical tools. He _____ (make) a study of water and _____ (discover) many principles of hydrodynamics. He even _____ (invent) bifocal glasses when he was seventy-eight and _____ (need) them himself. Franklin _____ (do) all these things and many more because he _____ (believe) he _____ (can).

4- Make negative sentences (x) or questions (?) in the past simple.

Example: he / stay (x) in a hotel

He didn't stay in a hotel.

1. she / like (x) the film _____
2. I / use / (x) the school computer yesterday _____
3. they / arrive (?) home late yesterday _____
4. you / ask (?) her for Caroline's address _____
5. he / enjoy (x) the concert in the park _____
6. we / talk (x) about school at all _____
7. you / learn (?) speak Italian when you were in Italy. _____

5- Write what Jean DID or DIDN'T do yesterday:

1. go shopping (-) ***Jean didn't go shopping yesterday.***
2. clean the house (+) _____
3. feed the cat (+) _____
4. telephone Mary (-) _____
5. watch a film on TV (-) _____
6. visit her grandparents (+) _____
7. take them a cake (+) _____

6- Fill in the blanks with a verb from the box in the past simple.

break	swim	have	make	sit	write	spend
buy	drink	lose	wash			

1. She _____ a cake an hour ago.
2. She _____ a hat last week.
3. The boy _____ a letter yesterday.

4. They _____ in the sea for an hour.
5. They _____ a lot of Coke last night.
6. She _____ her arm last week.
7. He _____ all his money last week.
8. She _____ a bath two minutes ago.
9. He _____ his wallet last night.
10. She _____ on the old chair a minute ago.
11. She _____ the clothes yesterday.

7- Write question for the underlined words.

1. He married María.

2. Columbus discovered America in 1492.

3. He invented the telephone.

4. You looked at the magazine.

5. Because he was ill, he died.

6. We visited our grandparents.

7. I danced at the disco.

8. They walked to school.

9. I was born in London.

10. I was born on 23rd July, 2001.

8- Write the verbs in brackets in the present simple, present continuous or past simple form.

1. She's very clever. She _____ (speak) four languages.
2. The museum _____ (open) at 5 o'clock every evening.
3. What _____ (the children, do). They _____ (play) in the garden.
4. Last week I _____ (write) a letter to Jane.
5. Listen! Pat _____ (play) the piano.
6. Tina is a teacher. She _____ (teach) mathematics to young people.
7. Bernard _____ (smoke) 20 cigarettes yesterday evening.
8. We can't go swimming now because it _____ (rain)
9. Hurry up! The bus _____ (come)
10. "Where are you, George?" "In the kitchen, I _____ (cook) a meal!"
11. Mozart _____ (live) from 1756 to 1791.
12. I _____ (clean) my teeth three times yesterday.
13. "You _____ (stand) on my foot" "Oh, I'm sorry!"
14. I _____ (drink, usually) coffee, but today I _____ (drink) tea.

15. Yesterday she _____ (see) me but she _____ (not, speak) to me.
16. She's married but she _____ (not wear) a ring.
17. They _____ (not, watch) television very often.
18. Mark's father _____ (buy) a new car every year.
19. He _____ (go, always) to work by car but today he _____ (walk).
20. Her grandfather _____ (be) born in 1939.
21. Last night I _____ (study) English for my exam.
22. _____ (David, sleep) at the moment? No, he isn't. He _____ (play) the guitar.
23. We _____ (travel) from London to Stratford by underground yesterday.

9- Read the following story.

Bob is a young sailor. He lives in England, but he is often away with his ship.

One summer he comes back from a long voyage and finds new neighbors near his mother's house. They have a pretty daughter, and Bob soon loves her and he wants to marry her when he comes back. Bob promises the girl to send a present from every port.

Bob's first port is Capetown in Africa, and he sends the girl a parrot from there. The parrot speaks three languages. When Bob's ship reaches Australia, a letter comes from the girl. The letter says, "Thank you for the parrot, Bob. It tasted much better than a chicken."

a) Write the story again. Use THE SIMPLE PAST.

Bob **was** a young sailor. He **lived** in England, but he **was** often away with his ship.

b) Answer the questions about the story:

1. What was Bob?

He was a young sailor.

2. What change did he find when he was back home?

3. How was their daughter?

4. How did Bob feel about the girl?

5. What did Bob tell the girl?

6. What did Bob send the girl from Capetown?

7. Where is Capetown?

8. How many languages did the parrot speak?

9. What did the girl do with the parrot?

MODAL VERBS

1- Fill in the blanks with CAN or CAN'T:

1. She is a small baby. She _____ eat meat, but she _____ drink milk.
2. That dress is not expensive. I _____ buy it.
3. A cat _____ climb up a tree, but a dog _____.
4. I'm very tired today. I _____ clean my room.
5. John is very short. He _____ play basketball very well.
6. We are very hungry, so we _____ eat a lot of sandwiches.
7. He is very fat. He _____ run very fast.
8. We _____ sleep in the bedroom but we _____ sleep in the bathroom.

2- Fill in the blanks with CAN / CAN'T or MUST / MUSTN'T:

1. She is ill, so she _____ see the doctor.
2. It's raining heavily. You _____ take your umbrella.
3. We _____ (not / pick) the flowers in the park.
4. Mike is nine months old. He _____ (not / eat) nuts.
5. I am very tall. So I _____ play basketball.
6. I'm sorry but we _____ (not / come) to your party tomorrow.
7. You are speaking very quietly. I _____ (not / understand) you.
8. _____ I use your phone?
9. We _____ go to the bank today. We haven't got any money.
10. My hands are dirty. I _____ wash them.
11. It's late. I _____ go now.
12. You _____ stop at a red traffic light.
13. You _____ (not / speed) in the city.
14. Tourists _____ take their passports when they go abroad.
15. Footballers _____ (not / touch) the ball with their hands.
16. _____ you play the guitar?
17. I _____ (not / come) with you now. Because I'm studying my lessons.

3- Use MUST / MUSTN'T / HAVE TO or (NOT) HAVE TO:

1. I can stay in bed tomorrow morning because I _____ work.
2. Whatever you do, you _____ touch that switch. It's very dangerous.
3. You _____ forget what I told you. It's very important.
4. We _____ leave yet. We've got plenty of time.
5. Ann was feeling ill last night. She _____ leave the party early.
6. I _____ go to the bank yesterday to get some money.
7. The windows are very dirty. I _____ clean them.
8. The windows aren't dirty. You _____ clean them.
9. We arrived home very late last night. We _____ wait half an hour for a taxi.
10. These cakes are very nice. You _____ have one.
11. We _____ take an umbrella. It's not going to rain.

12. This is a secret. You _____ tell anybody.
13. You _____ buy a newspaper. You can have mine.
14. This train doesn't go to London. You _____ change at Bristol.
15. In many countries men _____ do military service.
16. Sarah is a nurse. Sometimes she _____ work at weekends.

4- Fill in the blanks using (NOT) HAVE TO / MUST (NOT) / CAN / COULD:

1. George has traveled a lot. He _____ speak four languages.
2. I can't sing now but I _____ sing very well when I was a child.
3. She will stay in bed till 10 o'clock this morning. Because she _____ go to work.
4. Many students in Turkey _____ wear uniform when they go to school.
5. I'm sorry I couldn't come yesterday. I _____ work late.
6. You've been coughing a lot recently. You _____ smoke so much.
7. You have a bad headache. So you _____ go to bed early.
8. I can't swim very far these days but ten years ago I _____ swim from one side of the lake to the other.
9. You _____ see the sea from our bedroom window.
10. It isn't permitted to speak Turkish during the lessons. So you _____ speak Turkish.

5- Fill in the blanks with suitable MODAL VERBS:

1. At the end of the month the Post Office will send him an enormous bill which he _____ pay.
2. When I was a child, I _____ understand adults, and now that I am an adult I _____ understand children.
3. When I first went to England I _____ read English but I _____ understand it.
4. _____ I see your passport, please?
5. He sees very badly, he _____ wear glasses all the time.
6. Pedestrians _____ either use the crosswalk or cross the street at the traffic lights.
7. The buses were all full; I _____ take a taxi.
8. You _____ drive fast; there is a speed limit here.
9. _____ we all go to the football match tonight?
10. You _____ argue with your father, you _____ obey him.
11. I _____ carry this heavy pack myself. I think I will ask for help.
12. If you have finished your work, you _____ (leave).
13. Emily _____ (wear) glasses since she was eight.

6-Complete the sentences with *should(n't)* or *must(n't)*.

1. You _____ eat so many sweets. They aren't good for you.
2. My mum says I _____ tidy my room. If I don't, she won't take me shopping.
3. You _____ believe everything Esther says. She doesn't always tell the truth.
4. You _____ have your ID card if you want to get into that club.
5. You _____ be nicer to Tiziano. He isn't feeling very happy at the moment.
6. You _____ leave knives in places where babies can reach them.

7. I'm fat. The doctor said I _____ eat too many sweets and potatoes.
8. You _____ play with the knife! You'll cut yourself.
9. I _____ pay the telephone bill next week.
10. People _____ smoke in non-smoking areas.

7-Write sentences about the signs.



You mustn't smoke.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

8. Choose the right modal verb.

1. The doctor says I **should / can** rest more.
2. When I was young, I **could / had to** get up very early in the morning to walk to school.
3. **Could / Had to** you ride a bike when you were three years old?
4. If you want to keep healthy, you **mustn't / can't** smoke and you **can / should** do exercise.
5. I **can't / couldn't** speak English when I was nine years old.
6. **Can / Must** you help me? **Can / Should** I use your phone?"
7. Children under sixteen **mustn't / don't have to** drive cars.

9. Correct the mistakes.

1. He must to be there by six o'clock. _____
2. You don't have to park here. It's forbidden. _____

3. You should talked to him. He's very upset. _____
4. He cans speak three languages. _____
5. You have see the doctor. _____
6. Did you can finish your work last night? _____

10. Complete the sentences with the correct form of a modal verb to express ability, obligation, prohibition or to give advice.

1. You really pay much attention to Philip. He's always making fun of everyone. (**advice**)

2. At our school, all the students wear a uniform. (**obligation**)

3. We print out these pages because the printer's not working. (**ability**)

4. You sit down on that bench because the paint is wet. (**prohibition**)

5. OK, you hand in the homework tomorrow. I'll give you until Friday. (**obligation**)

6. When my dad was younger he use a computer. No one had ever taught him. (**ability**)

7. My brother thinks I get my hair cut. He says it's too long. (**advice**)

8. I've been calling Paul all day but I speak to him yet. (**ability**)

9. My mum worked in the USA so she speak English at work. (**obligation**)

10. We're installing some new software so you switch off the computer. (**prohibition**)

PAST CONTINUOUS

1- Make the sentences in the past continuous affirmative, interrogative or negative.

1. (Julie / sleep at three o'clock) _____
2. (you / study at three o'clock) _____
3. (I / work at three o'clock) _____
4. (they / eat chocolate at three o'clock) _____
5. (John / play tennis at three o'clock) _____
6. (he / use the Internet at 3 o'clock) _____
7. (I / work?) _____
8. (you / sleep when I got home?) _____
9. (you / cook lunch at 3 o'clock) _____
10. (we / travel to London at three o'clock) _____
11. (Mrs. Brown / not / walk in the garden) _____
12. (Mr. Black / not / work in his study) _____
13. (Miss Jones / not / talk to Mr. White) _____
14. (you / not / play cards) _____
15. (Dr. Ford / not / read in his room) _____
16. (she / not / sleeping at midnight) _____
17. (Mr. Blue / not / drink coffee in the library) _____

18. (she / play cards?) _____
19. (I / not / listen to music) _____
20. (the dogs / not / play outside) _____
21. (I / not / cry) _____
22. (you / not / feel well) _____
23. (where / I / go when I met you?) _____
24. (it / rain at lunchtime) _____
25. (what / you / do?) _____

PAST SIMPLE- PAST CONTINUOUS

1- Complete the sentences with did, was or were.

1. _____ you working when I rang? No, I _____
2. _____ you see me on television? Yes, I _____
3. What _____ you doing when they arrived? I _____ reading the paper.
4. _____ they working hard? No, they _____
5. _____ she crying when you saw her? Yes, she _____
6. _____ they speak to you when you met? No, they _____
7. Peter _____ still lying in bed so he _____ hear the doorbell.
8. _____ the police find the man? No, they _____. He _____ hiding in an empty building.
9. We _____ shouting to you. _____ you hear us?
10. I _____ looking for some photos when you rang but I _____ find them.

2- Choose the correct options.

1. I **listened / was listening** to the radio when I **heard / was hearing** this fantastic song.
2. When the teacher **said / was saying** 'Stop!', I **still tried / was still trying** to finish the last question.
3. I feel really silly! While I **danced / was dancing**, I **fell / was falling** and **broke / was breaking** my elbow.
4. Tim **played / was playing** a computer game when his mum **called / was calling** him for lunch.
5. I **looked / was looking** for a file on my memory stick when I **noticed / was noticing** there was a virus.
6. Ron **found / was finding** a really interesting website about dance music while he **surfed / was surfing** the internet.
7. My mum **had / was having** breakfast near the computer when she **spilled / was spilling** her cup of coffee on the keyboard.
8. When you **saw / were seeing** me yesterday, I **didn't go / wasn't going** to school, I **went / was going** to the doctor's - I felt terrible.
9. How many pictures **did you take / were you taking** while you **travelled / were travelling** around Ireland?
10. Why **did you chat / were you chatting** to Philip while I **tried / was trying** to tell you something really important?

3- Fill in the blanks with a correct form, the PAST SIMPLE or the PAST CONTINUOUS.

1. He _____ (talk) with Mary, when Mrs. Smith came in.

2. They _____ (study) two hours last night.
3. Jane _____ (sleep) when the telephone rang.
4. As I _____ (walk) to the lab, I met my friend.
5. We _____ (watch) TV last night.
6. The customer _____ (pay) when he dropped his credit card.
7. The barber _____ (cut) my hair yesterday.
8. She _____ (dance) when she hurt her ankle.
9. It _____ (rain) hard when I got up.
10. It _____ (rain) hard last night.

4- Write the verbs in brackets in the past simple or past continuous form.

1. They _____ (wait) for me when I _____ (arrive) at the station.
2. She _____ (swim) in the sea when I _____ (see) her.
3. _____ they _____ (play) tennis when it _____ (start) raining?
4. We _____ (drive) home from the theatre when the police _____ (stop) us.
5. When she _____ (leave) him, he _____ (become) ill.
6. You _____ (work) in a restaurant when I first _____ (meet) you.
7. I _____ (feel) very angry when I _____ (read) the letter.
8. It _____ (rain) when I _____ (get up)
9. George _____ (fall) off the bicycle while he _____ (cycle).
10. Last night I _____ (read) in bed when suddenly I _____ (hear) a scream.
11. _____ (you / watch) TV when I _____ (phone) you?
12. Ann _____ (wait) while we _____ (train).
13. I _____ (not / drive) very fast when the accident _____ (happen).
14. I _____ (break) a plate last night. I _____ (do) the washing up.
15. We _____ (not / go) out because it _____ (rain).
16. What _____ (you / do) at this time yesterday?
17. I _____ (see) Carol at the party. She _____ (wear) a really beautiful dress.
18. Sally _____ (eat) dinner last night when someone _____ (knock) on the door.
19. I began to study at seven last night. Fred _____ (come) at seven-thirty. I _____ (study) when Fred _____ (come)
20. My mother called me around five. My husband came home a little after five. When he _____ (come) home, I _____ (talk) to my mother on the phone.
21. Yesterday Tom and Janice _____ (go) to the zoo around one. They _____ (see) many kinds of animals. They stayed at the zoo for two hours. While they _____ (walk) home, it _____ (begin) to rain, so they _____ (stop) at a small café and _____ (have) a cup of coffee.

22. Yesterday afternoon I _____ (go) to visit the Parker family. When I _____ (get) there around two o'clock, Mrs. Parker _____ (be) in the yard. She _____ (plant) flowers in her garden. Mr. Parker _____ (be) in the garage. He _____ (work) on their car. He _____ (change) the oil.
23. Mrs. White _____ (drive) past a house in Main Street when she _____ (see) the ground floor on fire.
24. While he _____ (fly) off the Miami Coast, the pilot _____ (see) sharks approaching the swimmers.
25. The fireman _____ (fight) the fire on a balcony below when he _____ (hear) someone's shouts.
26. We _____ (have) dinner when the electricity _____ (go) off.
27. She _____ (think) of something else while you _____ (talk) to her.
28. I _____ (see) her while I _____ (look) out of the window.
29. While the teacher _____ (talk), the students _____ (look) at an insect on the ceiling.

5- Write the verbs in brackets in the present simple, present continuous, past simple or past continuous.

1. She _____ (stay) with her sister at the moment.
2. While I _____ (work) in the garden, I _____ (hurt) my back.
3. First I _____ (get) up. Then I _____ (have) breakfast and after that I _____ (get) dressed.
4. "What _____ your father, do?" "He's a teacher, but he _____ (not, work) at the moment".
5. The phone _____ (ring) when I _____ (have) a shower.
6. Look! Somebody _____ (climb) up that tree over there.
7. While Tom _____ cook dinner last night, what _____ (his wife / do)?
8. I _____ (see) Jim at the park. He _____ (sit) on the grass.
9. Tom's father _____ (teach) him how to drive when he was seventeen.
10. The moon _____ (go) round the earth.

PRESENT PERFECT

1- Complete the sentences with the Present Perfect Simple form of the verbs in brackets.

1. I _____ (spend) too much money today.
2. Tina _____ (forget) her backpack again.
3. I _____ (not have) a routine checkup yet.
4. Both doctors _____ (take) my blood pressure already.
5. Christopher _____ (suffer) from allergies until this year.
6. You _____ (not stop) talking since you got here!
7. Rob and Fred _____ (fall off) their motorbikes many times.
8. Carol and I _____ (not sprain) our ankles.
9. Andres _____ (want) to be a professional footballer.
10. _____ (you / see) my new laptop? It's really cool!
11. Cristiano Ronaldo _____ (score) eighteen goals this season.

12. My dad _____ (buy) a new car.
13. What _____ (you / do) to your hair? It's pink!
14. My mum and dad _____ (teach) me the most in life.
15. Where _____ (you / be) all morning?
16. I _____ (not pass) all my exams this year so I'm disappointed.
17. My brother _____ (fall) in love with a girl from France.

2- Write a suitable sentence using the PRESENT PERFECT.

Example: Ann's hair was dirty. Now it's clean. (wash)

Ann has washed her hair

1. Tom was 80 kg. Now he's 70. (lose weight) _____
2. Bill played football yesterday. Now he can't walk; his leg is in plaster. (break) _____
3. My sister is looking for her pen. (lose) _____
4. Mary is on holiday in France. (go) _____
5. Mr. Hill was in Canada last week. He's back in London now. (be) _____
6. Look! Mrs. Smith has got a lot of packages. (buy) _____
7. I can't eat anything now. (eat too much) _____
8. Mrs. Jenkins is very tired. (clean / house) _____
9. Tony needs a holiday. (work / hard / this year) _____
10. He can't walk very fast. (hurt / leg) _____
11. I can't get in. (lose / key) _____
12. I know this story very well. (see the film) _____
13. I can't post the letter. (not put / stamp / on it) _____
14. He can't stand up. (eat too much) _____
15. They can't go on holiday. (not save / money) _____

3- Fill in the blanks with ALREADY or YET.

1. He hasn't called us _____.
2. They have _____ sent the letter.
3. John has _____ bought the tickets for the football match.
4. We have _____ been to Mexico three times.
5. You haven't visited Tokyo _____.
6. Has John bought a new car _____?
7. The plane has _____ left.
8. Has she done it _____? No, not _____.
9. A: Haven't they arrived _____?
B: Oh, yes. They have _____ arrived.
10. Hurry up! The class has _____ started.
11. Be careful! They have _____ painted the door.
12. Haven't you read the book _____?

4- Rewrite the sentences with putting already or yet into them.

1. Have they arrived? _____
2. We have rung the bell. _____
3. She has never worn that pink scarf. _____
4. They have sold their house. _____
5. The children have understood the rules. _____

6. Has Pete done his homework? _____
7. He hasn't sung in front of ten thousand people. _____
8. She has lost her keys twice this year. _____
9. The show hasn't begun. _____
10. What have you bought? _____

5- Follow the example and do the same using JUST:

Example: he / go out

- ***What has he JUST done?***

- ***He has JUST gone out.***

1. She / leave the room

2. they / watch the news

3. I / finish homework

4. he / put on the jacket

5. she / catch a fish

6. you / write a letter

7. the girl / burn the cake

8. the dog / see the cat

9. Jane / turn the TV off

6- Rewrite the sentences adding (Already / Just / Yet)

1. I have eaten sushi before. (already)

2. She hasn't visited Germany. (yet)

3. They have seen this movie. (already)

4. We have met your teacher. (just)

5. My brother hasn't started school. (yet)

6. Daniel hasn't fixed the broken pipe. (yet)

7. We haven't participated in any internship programs. (yet)

8. My daughter has lost her purse. (just)

9. He has finished his assignment. (already)

10. Your son has broken his arm. (just)

7- Choose the correct options.

1. I've been here **for / since** 3 o'clock.
2. They've known each other **for / since** many years.
3. Nobody has heard from Carla **for / since** Saturday.
4. My mum has been in her new job **for / since** three weeks.
5. She hasn't called me **for / since** the party.
6. He has played for Arsenal **for / since** 2006.
7. My grandparents have been married **for / since** forty years.
8. It hasn't rained **for / since** about three weeks.
9. Nothing has happened **for / since** yesterday morning.
10. Jorge hasn't played tennis **for / since** his injury.
11. Have you **ever / already** seen an opera?
12. I've **already / just** seen Pam. What's she doing here?
13. They haven't called me **yet / already**.
14. Carol has **already / yet** scored twenty points in this match.
15. We've **ever / never** eaten Spanish ham before.
16. I've **yet / already** called him three times today.
17. Do you **ever / never** go the gym?
18. I'm sorry, I haven't made a reservation **already / yet**.
19. Have you **ever / never** been camping with friends?
20. No, I haven't been camping with my friends **already / yet**.
21. Yes, I've **already / yet** been camping with my friends.
22. Have you finished the book **ever / yet**?
23. Yes, I've **just / yet** finished it.
24. Have you **ever / yet** been to London?
25. No, I've **ever / never** been to London.

8- Write sentences and questions using the prompts.

Example: you / ever / be / to / the USA

Have you ever been to the USA?

1. you / ever / be / skiing?

2. you / finish / your homework / yet?

3. she / just / visit / her friends.

4. I / already / meet / a famous person.

5. you / ever / write / a poem?

6. I / never / be / bungee-jumping.

7. I / not / be / on TV / yet.

8. you / ever / win / a competition.

9- Complete the sentences with 'ever / never'

1. Have you _____ eaten lobster?
2. I have _____ been to France.
3. I think I have _____ really known you.
4. That's the smallest car I have _____ ridden in.

5. If you _____ have questions, please don't hesitate to contact me personally.
6. She is probably the most fascinating woman I have _____ met.
7. If you have _____ felt or known real love, you know it is well worth the wait.
8. Have your children _____ had Turkish Delight or chocolate-covered pistachios?
9. You have no right to say what the greatest movie is if you have _____ seen "Citizen Kane."
10. _____ have I suggested that a test should replace a teacher!

10- Rewrite the following sentences twice, using SINCE and FOR.

Example: I haven't seen you. (Christmas / 3 days)

a) I haven't seen you SINCE Christmas.

b) I haven't seen you FOR 3 days.

1. We've been here. (an hour / 4 o'clock)
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
2. She hasn't spoken to me. (2 weeks / last week)
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
3. They've lived in this street. (1970 / a long time)
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
4. I haven't had time to do it. (last Monday / a few days)
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
5. We haven't bought a new one. (ages / many years)
 - a) _____
 - b) _____

PRESENT PERFECT – PAST SIMPLE

1- Choose the correct answer.

1. I'm really hungry. I (haven't eaten / didn't eat) yet.
2. They (arrived / have arrived) a week ago.
3. We (have worked / worked) here for three years.
4. They (didn't recognise / haven't recognised) me at yesterday's meeting.
5. Our neighbour (was / has been) in hospital since Friday.
6. (Have you travelled / Did you travel) abroad many times?

2- Write the verbs in brackets in the present perfect or past simple tense.

1. John _____ (not call) me recently.
2. They _____ (buy) a new car last month.
3. They _____ (just / go) out.
4. They _____ (go) out a minute ago.
5. _____ Ann _____ (study) yesterday afternoon?
6. _____ you _____ (send) the letters yet?
7. _____ she _____ (call) him a week ago?
8. They _____ (not / see) the film yet.
9. The train _____ (just / arrive).
10. _____ you _____ (ever / be) in a TV studio?

11. _____ you and Tom _____ (enjoy) the party last night?
12. _____ you _____ (not / finish) school last year?
13. I _____ (lose) my dictionary. I can't find it anywhere.
14. His hair looks short. He _____ (have) a haircut.
15. When _____ (he / give up) smoking?
16. Jane _____ (buy) her car two weeks ago.
17. My bicycle isn't here. Somebody _____ (take) it.
18. Why _____ (Jim / not want) to play tennis last Friday?
19. The teacher _____ (not return) the tests yet.
20. How long _____ she _____ (know) about this problem?
21. _____ you ever _____ (hear) such an unbelievable story?
22. When I was a child, I _____ (live) in England for two years.
23. He _____ (buy) me a beautiful gift for my birthday.
24. I am so excited to have a dog. I _____ (always / want) one.
25. The car looks clean. _____ you _____ (wash) it?
26. When we were on holiday, the weather _____ (be) great.
27. The young man _____ (never / be) to Paris, but he _____ (read) a book about this city last year.
28. _____ you _____ (decide) where to go yet?
29. Susan _____ (do) her homework before 10 o'clock but Jane _____ (not / write) a word until now.

3- Correct the error in each of the sentences.

1. Have you ever eat Chinese food? _____
2. Mr Brown already left the office. _____
3. She has moved to another city last year. _____
4. We haven't been abroad since a year. _____
5. They have sent out the invitations yet. _____
6. The lesson has started ten minutes ago. _____
7. Jack hasn't seen Jill since she has graduated. _____
8. Did she just leave? _____
9. I've had sausages for lunch at half past one. _____
10. She's enjoyed herself at the party last night. _____
11. Tom has left school one year ago. _____
12. James has made a cake yesterday. _____

4- Complete the conversation with the present perfect, past simple or present simple form of the verbs in brackets.

A: _____ (you / hear) anything from Julia in the last few weeks?

B: Yes, she's in Madrid. She _____ (be) there since Saturday.

A: Oh, yeah! I _____ (forget) about that. _____ she (go) with her parents?

B: Yes, I think so. They _____ (go) to Madrid every Christmas. I think her brother _____ (live) there.

He _____ (be) there for a couple of years.

A: I _____ always (want) to visit Madrid. It's such a beautiful city.

B: Do you think so? I've heard that it's really hot in summer and really cold in winter.

A: My parents _____ (go) there last summer. I _____ (not go) because I _____ (have) exams.

B: Oh yes, I remember that. _____ you (pass) them all?

A: No, I _____ (fail) Spanish so I decided to take extra classes. I _____ (start) them in September.

B: So, _____ your Spanish (get) better since then?

A: Yes, I think so. I _____ really (improve) my vocabulary, especially since I met Pedro!

B: Pedro? Who _____ (be) Pedro?

A: He's my new boyfriend. We _____ (be) together for three weeks now!

RELATIVE CLAUSES

1. Rewrite these sentences using RELATIVE CLAUSES

1. My sister lives in Florida. She is the manager of a museum gift shop.

2. You sent me a present. Thank you very much for it.

3. Romeo and Juliet were lovers. Their parents hated each other.

4. This is Mrs. Jones. Her son won the championship last year.

5. He was sitting on a chair. It suddenly collapsed.

6. This is the house. We often stay in this house on holidays.

7. I haven't decided on the day. I'll get married on that day.

8. The Houses of Parliament stand on the river Thames. They are a remarkable feature of London.

9. My French teacher is very friendly. He never gets angry with us.

10. The Vatican is in Rome. It is an independent state.

2. Complete the sentences with the correct relative pronoun (who, which, that, when, where, whose)

1. The new movie is about a boy _____ has lost his parents in a car accident.

2. He is the young man, _____ wife left him for someone else.

3. The DVD recorder _____ I bought at this store a few days ago is not working.

4. That's the book _____ I recommended reading in class.

5. Is this the hotel _____ you are staying for the tournament?

6. My dad, _____ travels a lot on business, is in Australia at the moment.

7. It was midnight _____ the first rescue team arrived at the scene of the accident.

8. There are several reasons _____ I am not allowed to give you any information.
9. We stayed at the famous Rockstar hotel, _____ also had an indoor swimming pool.
10. Did you write back to the person _____ offered you a job?
11. The story is about a young woman _____ 5-year old son suddenly disappears.
12. The tennis court _____ they usually play is currently not available.
13. My sister was born at a time _____ my dad was out of work.
14. Where is the money _____ I gave you yesterday?
15. That's the man _____ I spoke to the other day.
16. Mr. Fields, _____ sister is one of the leading experts in this country, talked about the dangers of the virus.
17. He didn't tell us _____ he made such an irresponsible decision.
18. The present _____ I got from my boyfriend was really fantastic.
19. I have to buy a present for my mother, _____ birthday is next week.
20. The youth hostel _____ we stayed last week was really big.

VOCABULARY ACTIVITIES

1-Complete the sentences with the adjectives.

angry	excited	funny	lonely	nervous	relaxed	surprised	tired
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Example: That film was so *funny*! We laughed so much!

1. You feel _____ when something happens which you weren't expecting.
2. He's always so _____. He doesn't worry about anything.
3. I'm very _____. I need to sleep.
4. Do you get _____ and worried before an exam?
5. Dad was very _____ when I broke his laptop.
6. We try to see Grandma at weekends because she feels _____ without visitors.
7. I'm really _____ about our holiday. Dad says that we're going to Florida!

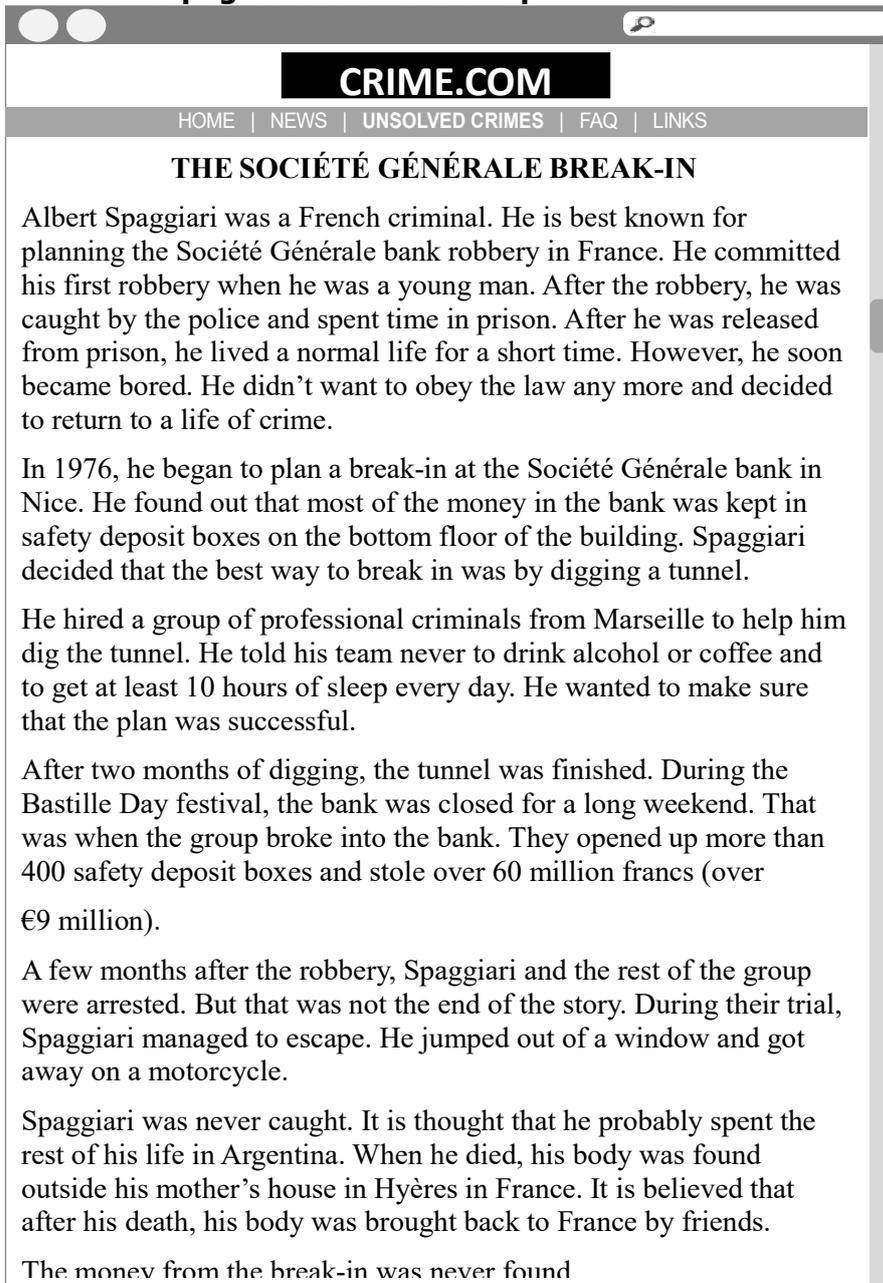
2-Match the words to the definitions.

adventurous	ambitious	artistic	confident	creative
curious	logical	sociable		

1. friendly; enjoys being with people _____
2. determined to be successful or powerful _____
3. wanting to learn or know about something _____
4. sure that you can do something well _____
5. having lots of new ideas _____
6. enjoys doing new and exciting things _____
7. reasonable and sensible _____
8. good at making things such as paintings or drawings _____

READING

Read the web page and answer the questions.



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL bar containing 'CRIME.COM'. The page has a navigation menu with links for HOME, NEWS, UNSOLVED CRIMES, FAQ, and LINKS. The main heading is 'THE SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE BREAK-IN'. The text describes the life of Albert Spaggiari, a French criminal who planned the Société Générale bank robbery in France. It details his first robbery, his time in prison, his return to crime, the planning of the 1976 break-in at the Société Générale bank in Nice, the execution of the break-in during Bastille Day, and the aftermath, including his escape and the fact that he was never caught.

Albert Spaggiari was a French criminal. He is best known for planning the Société Générale bank robbery in France. He committed his first robbery when he was a young man. After the robbery, he was caught by the police and spent time in prison. After he was released from prison, he lived a normal life for a short time. However, he soon became bored. He didn't want to obey the law any more and decided to return to a life of crime.

In 1976, he began to plan a break-in at the Société Générale bank in Nice. He found out that most of the money in the bank was kept in safety deposit boxes on the bottom floor of the building. Spaggiari decided that the best way to break in was by digging a tunnel.

He hired a group of professional criminals from Marseille to help him dig the tunnel. He told his team never to drink alcohol or coffee and to get at least 10 hours of sleep every day. He wanted to make sure that the plan was successful.

After two months of digging, the tunnel was finished. During the Bastille Day festival, the bank was closed for a long weekend. That was when the group broke into the bank. They opened up more than 400 safety deposit boxes and stole over 60 million francs (over €9 million).

A few months after the robbery, Spaggiari and the rest of the group were arrested. But that was not the end of the story. During their trial, Spaggiari managed to escape. He jumped out of a window and got away on a motorcycle.

Spaggiari was never caught. It is thought that he probably spent the rest of his life in Argentina. When he died, his body was found outside his mother's house in Hyères in France. It is believed that after his death, his body was brought back to France by friends.

The money from the break-in was never found

1. What is Albert Spaggiari famous for?

2. Why is Nice mentioned in the text?

3. How did Spaggiari get into the bank?

4. Why did Spaggiari choose Bastille Day to break into the bank?

5. Why was Spaggiari not punished for the crime?

WRITING ACTIVITIES

1- Write about a trip in the past. Talk about where you went, the places you visited, activities you did, the food... (100-120 words)

Remember:

- **divide the information in paragraphs,**
- **use punctuation marks (. , ; :),**
- **use connectors to join ideas (and, but, so, because, although, however, first, then, after that...)**

2- Write about your school. Talk about subjects, timetable, rules, classmates, teachers... . (100-120 words)

Remember:

- **divide the information in paragraphs,**
- **use punctuation marks (. , ; :),**
- **use connectors to join ideas (and, but, so, because, although, however, first, then, after that...)**

3- Write about a frightening experience in the past: where were you?, what were you doing?, what happened?, how did it finish? (100-120 words)

Remember:

- **divide the information in paragraphs,**
- **use punctuation marks (. , ; :),**
- **use connectors to join ideas (and, but, so, because, although, however, first, then, after that...)**